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%:35 p. m., 19:30 p. m., †11:15 p. m. INWARD.

Sarive Honolulu from Kahuku, Waialus and Watanae-\*8.56 a. m., \*5:31

Strive Honolulu from Nwa Mill and Peart City-17.46 a. m., \*8:36 a. m., \*10:38 a. m., \*1:40 p. m., \*4:31 p. m., "K:BI p. m., \*/:30 ). m. "Daily.

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HARDENED.

he only smiled,
"Where did you learn to stand such
punishment?" asked the borbaric chief,
"I used to hang by a strap in the Chiage street cars," said the captive, simp-

Star "Yant Ads may 25 cenia,

# WEAKNESS Philippine Sugar In The

TRUMAN G. PALMER, SECRETARY OF THE AMERICAN BEET SUGAR ASSOCIATION, TELLS IN THE AMERICAN SUGAR INDUSTRY AND BEET SUGAR GAZETTE WHAT HE CONCEIVES WOULD FOLLOW REDUCTION OF TARIFF ON PHILIPPINE SUGAR AND TOBACCO.

Some time ago the cable dispatches stated that Truman G. Palmer, Sec. retary of the American Beet Sugar Association, had appeared before a com mittee of the House in apposition to the bill prepared by the Secretary of War reducing the American customs duty on Philippine sugar and tobacco. Mr. Palmer has prepared for the "American Sugar Industry and Beet Sugar finzette," published in Chicago, one of the most enterprising and careful of the periodicals devoted to the sugar industry, a summary of his argument. It is especially interesting at this time, because it was only yesterday that the cable announced that the President had signed the bill authorizing the onstruction of railways in the Philippines, a subject of which Mr. Palmer speaks. The following is his article published in the American Sugar In-Justry and Beet Sugar Gazette:

The present agitation to greatly reduce or entirely eliminate the United States customs duties on sugar produced in the Philippine Islands concerns not only the sugar industry of the United States, but of every country or island which manufactures sugar for export.

Stimulate American capital to exploit the sugar industry of those islands where labor commands but 6 cents per day, American money, and there will soon be produced in those islands not only the sugar which is consumed in the United States, but also that which all other countries import from the tropics. From time immemorial the wage rates of the United States have exceeded those of any and all other countries in the production of common goods. Notwithstanding this fact, we are today the greatest manufacturing nation on the face of the earth. Two things have contributed to bring about this result: First, our inventive genius, which has always enabled us to produce splendid results by home-invented and improved machinery, with less labor than is required in other countries for the production of the same commodities; second, a protective tariff which equalizes the American and foreign wage rates.

Already in possession of the greatest inventive genius of the world, we need but in addition thereto the cheapest labor in the world in order to supply all the civilized countries of the earth with all their imports. It goes without saying that cheap labor on the mainland is out of the question, and hence as an exporter the mainland is a menace only in so far as our limited capital, inventive genius and natural resources are concerned. the extra cost of American labor acting as a check to our complete supremacy as a world exporter of manufactured products.

It is now proposed, however, in two lines of industry, to add to our other overpowering advantages that of the cheapest labor in the world. I refer to the sugar and tobacco industries of the Philippine Islands. In those islands there are 63,000,000 acres of arable land, when cleared, 60,000,000 acres of which still belong to the government, to be disposed of under restrictions which it is now sought to remove. Of these 65,000,000 acres nearly one-half, or about 30,000,000 acres, is reported to be well-defined sugar cane land, superior to that of either Cuba or Hawaii.

On this land wild cane attains a height of 27 to 30 feet. The so-called cultivated fields yield abundantly with little or no attention, modern farm implements being unknown. The fields yield a crop every year and are replanted but once in from seven to fifteen years. The laborer who operates these fields receives but 80 cents, Mexican money, and some rice per week, or six cents, American money, and rice per day.

The present mills are mostly antiquated affairs, operated by water buffalo, and cost on an average \$1,500. With their crude processes no more than 46 per cent of the sugar in the cane is extracted. Interest rates run all the way from 20 to 60 per cent per annum, and the cost of transportation over the all but impassable roads down to the coast often represents 40 per cent of the total cost.

However, under all these adverse conditions the cost of labor is so low that the average cost of production, including interest and transportation, for 100 pounds of sugar laid down at Hoilo, averages below 86 cents. Give them free access to the enormous American market, enable them to double the extraction with modern machinery, let an abundance of capital bring down the interest rates to about 10 or 12 per cent, let railroads reduce the cost of transportation to a reasonable figure, grant to corporations the right to acquire vast tracts of land, and it can be readily seen that with 8,000,ooo natives to draw upon for cheap labor, the cost of producing sugar in the Philippine Islands will be so low that all other sugar-exporting countries would soon cease to compete.

A bill authorizing the Philippine government to guarantee 4 per cent interest on \$30,000,000 of railway stocks and bonds for the purpose of gridironing the islands, has already passed both houses of Congress and now awaits the action of the conference committee. A bill has been furthermore prepared by the secretary of war providing for the reduction of American customs duties on Philippine sugar and tobacco, and he has also prepared a bill which raises the present limit of 2,500 acres which can now be held by a single corporation to 25,000 acres.

Oriental labor, commanding but \$1.50 per month, becomes a dangerous proposition when placed in competition with any labor known in the Occident. And if present legislative measures carry, a great change may be looked for in the world's sugar industry within the next few years.

# FARMER

MAN MADE FAMOUS BY MARK PARTS WITH HIS PROPERTY.

All Americans have heard of Bloodgood Cutter the man whom Mark Twain immortalized when he wrote "Innocents Aboard," in which book he gets most of his humor out of the antics of "Poet Cutter." as the latter's Long Island neighbors call him. The American youth who reads "Innocents the farmer in the story probably does not know that Mark Twain wrote from life, and that Bloodgood Cutter, the farmer of the story, still lives, and that only the other day he sold one of his Long Island forms and many wonder just why "Poet Cutter," who is a farmer first, last and all of the time, sold his farm, and he refuses to tell why he parted with the property , which is one of the most picturesque spots on Long Island. "Poet Cutter" is now a very old man, but he is still as full of humor as ever, and were Mark Twain to write another book he would find The Moorish brigands had captured the rich American and strung him up by his thumbs. To their astonishment home in Little Neck, just a few hundred yards outside the Greater City of New York-for Little Neck claims that part of itself is in the greater city. On all of Long Island's shore front, from Huter's point to Montauk, there

is only one farm which was tilled last

spring and summer, and that farm is

the property of Bloodgood Cutter, and is located at Little Neck, and the old poet deplored the fact that millionaires had bought up all of the rest of Long Island's shore from on the north side of the Island, and vowed that until his death he would never part with his Little Neck farm, and he has kept his word thus far, but his neighbors fail to understand why he did sell a farm TWAIN IN INNOCENTS ABOARD which until the other day, he was the owner of. The old poet refuses to tell why he did sell, and when "Poet Cutter" refuses-why he just refuses-and

that ends the matter. Speaking of Mark Twain to the writer recently "Poet Cutter" said: "When we went abroad on the ship Quaker City Mark Twain was always glum. He would sit and smoke and write, but he was always glum, but then he made his money by writing, and he had a Abroad" and lauens at the doings of right to act as he saw fit. He wrote from life, and I laugh every time I think of us innocents who furnished him with so much material. He never seemed to enjoy himself, but he had Dec. 23, 1904. his fun after we all got through, and he told the whole world and let everybody else have the same fun by reading about us."

Bloodgood Cutter is all doubled up with rheumatism, or, as he calls it, "rheumatiz" and he has taken to athleties to help him get well, but he has sold one of his farms, and his neighbors wonder why, for they will not believe that he needed money, for he has stuffs which he raises on his Little Neck farm would keep-him comfortable and still leave a big profit. It is said that he got a magnificent sum of money for the acres which he sold .- New York Times.

Star Want Ads pay 25 cents..

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A Camara.....M

Moana Hotel Co Ltd by Com to Alfred Magoon to Kapiolani Es S Canario and wf to First Bank

of Hilo Ltd......M Alice E. Harrison to Bishop & Co....A Kapiolani Estate Ltd to Waterhouse & Kopke.....D Wing San Co to Waterhouse &

W C Peacock et al to Henry E Coop-Mrs. Flora A. Jones et al by Tr to Trs of Est of W. C. Lunalilo, ..... C M

Recorded Jan. 24, 1905. Gear, Lansing & Co., by Trs to J F Resente, D; lot 37, Kaonoulu lots, Kula, Maul. \$780. B 260, p 40. Dated

Gear, Lansing & Co., by Trs to J da lambra, D; lot 15, Kaonoulu lots, Kula, Maui, \$420. B 269, p 42. Dated Dec. 23, 1904

Gear, Lansing -Co., by Trs to J B Fleija, D; lot 6. Kaonoulu lots, Kula, Maul. \$665. B 269, p 43. Dated Dec. 23, 1904. Denizio de Abrio and wf to M F

Mendonca, D; lots 2, 4 and 7 blk Q. Kainlani tract, Honolulu. Oahu. \$450. plenty of that in store, and his living B 264, p 406. Dated Sept 19, 1904. expenses are so trifling that the food- Elise S V Neumann to Sidney M. Ballou, P A; general powers. B 265,

398. Dated Mar 3, 1904. Lilanet L Cooke Tr. and hab (A F) to Cecil Brown Tr. A M; mtg A Kellett and hab on por R P 37. Kulaokahua, Honolulu, Oahu. \$2000. B 267, p Dated Dec. 15, 1904.

Abr Kekaulahao to William E.

Beerster No 30 in Rowell, D; 1-5 Int in share No 30 in hui land, Wainiha, Halelea, Kauai, \$59. B 269, p 44. Dated Jun 24, 1905. E F Monsarrat and hab (W T) to Susan J Steele (widow), M: por lot 1 bik B of gr 3400, Kinau St. Honolulu. Oahu, \$2000. B 267, p 107. Dated Jan

> Adelino F Franca and wf to A G M Robertson, D; 244-1000 ser land, cor Port and School Sts. Honolulu, Oahu; lot 10 of gr 3616, Nuuanu road, Honolulu Oahu; lot 11 of gr 364p, Nuuanu road, Honolulu, Oahu; 232-1000 aer land Fort St. Honolulu, Oahu, \$10. B 264, L Chong by atty to Hawn, Agreti

Co. C M; cane crops on land in Hawaii. \$6000, B 267, p 110. Dated Jan 21, 1905, Kumida Cane Co to Hawn Agretl

Co., C M; cane crops on lands in Hawaii. \$3000. B 267, p 111. Dated Jan Asahi Cane Co to L Chong, C M;

carie, etc., in agrmt. \$180.75. B 367, p 113. Dated June 20, 1904. Yip Sing Cane Co to L. Chong. C M; cane, etc. in agrmt. \$578.60. B 267, p

Dated Jan 21, 1905. A G M Robertson to Adelino F Franc, D; 244-1900 aer land, cor Fort and School Sts., Honolulu, Oahu. \$10. B 264, p 410. Dated Jan 14, 1905.

CIVIC FEDERATION. A meeting of the Civic Federation of

Honolulu, for final organization will be held at 4 p .m. today February 7. in the office of George P. Castle, Stangenwald building. There will be consideration of amendments to the constitution and by-laws, election of additional members of the executive committee and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

A GRADUATE OF OAHU.

Ah Young Ki, a former graduate of Onhu college is a secretary in the suite of Wong Kai Kah, the Chinese Commissioner to the St. Louis Exposition. After graduating at Oahu he went to Harvard and graduated there and then entered the diplomatic service of his country. He passed through here with Wong Kal Kah on the Manchuria, and while in Honolulu renewed many old acquantances